Cardiovascular and Circulatory Systems Exercise 40 (Pg. 427-428) & Exercise 44 (pg.457-463, pp.468A-468F)

I. Basic Heart Anatomy

Identify the following structures:

External Structures Internal Structures

R&L Atria chambers (R&L Atria, R&L ventricles)
R&L Ventricles valves: tricuspid, bicuspid (mitral),

Aorta aortic semilunar valve
Pulmonary Trunk pulmonary semilunar valve

Pulmonary Artery(-ies) Chordae tendinae

Pulmonary veins

Superior (cranial) vena cava Inferior (caudal) vena cava

II. Microscopy

- A) Blood vessel anatomy (Pg 458): Prepared slide of the cross section of an artery and a vein. Be able to distinguish them and note the structural differences.
- B) Blood composition (Pg. 427-228): Prepared slide of a blood smear. Be able to identify and know the function of red blood cells (erythrocytes) and white blood cells (leukocytes or lymphocytes).
- III) Blood pressure (Pg.460)---- know the following definitions:

Systolic Pressure
Diastolic Pressure

IV) Human (EKG) electrocardiogram (Pg 468A-468B)

know what the P-wave QRS-wave & T-wave represent

- **V). Blood Typing:** Know the different blood types, and also, the antigen and antibodies produced by each type.
- VI) Breathing (Exercise 43, pages 449-452)
- 1. Understand the process of breathing and the muscles involved (diaphragm, intercostals).
- 2. Lung capacity: know what each volume (tidal volume, expiratory reserve volume, inspiratory reserve residual volume, vital capacity) represents.

If provided with a spirometer recording: know where each of these volumes are located and be able to calculvolumes if given a scale. See the posted example outside of lab.

3. Review the prepared slide of lung tissue (note alveoli).

^{****}Know the path of blood flow through the heart.