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- a. regurgitation of food into the esophagus.
- b. the loss of control of defecation.
- c. movement of the bolus into the trachea rather than the esophagus.
- d. rapid emptying from the stomach to the small intestine.
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Chapter 42: Circulation and Respiration

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- a. AV node
- b. semilunar valve
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 - c. are transported by hemoglobin.

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1. A group of researchers have tested many chemicals and found several that have potential for use in modifying the action of the immune system. Which of the following would seem to have the most promise as a drug for inhibiting transplant rejection?

- a. Compound A13: acts like histamine
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- c. Compound N98: a potent allergen
- d. Compound B55: suppresses specific cytotoxic T cells
- e. Compound M31: stimulates helper T cells

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 - a. antibodies against the disease are constantly circulating in your blood.
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- 1. On a cold day, blood vessels in the skin
 - a. dilate, allowing blood to keep the skin warm.
 - b. constrict, forcing blood to flow through vessels in the skin.
 - c. constrict, reducing heat loss from blood at the surface.
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- 2. In each nephron of the kidney, the glomerulus and Bowman's capsule
 - a. filter the blood and capture the filtrate.
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 - c. break down harmful toxins and poisons.
 - d. reabsorb salts and nutrients.
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EXTRA CREDIT

Which of the following activities would initiate an osmoregulatory adjustment brought about primarily through the renin-angiotensin-aldosterone system?

- 1) eating a pizza with green olives and pepperoni
- 2) drinking several glasses of water
- 3) not drinking any fluids for a day or two
- 4) spending several hours mowing the lawn on a hot day
- 5) eating a bag of potato chips